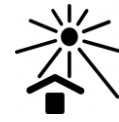
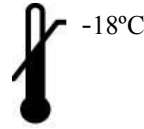




FLUORESCENCE IN SITU HYBRIDIZATION (FISH)

Instructions for use



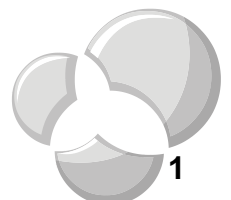
Kit consists of:

Directly labeled probe in hybridization buffer

(Green or Orange depending on the kit type)

Further necessary chemicals and equipment:

- Xylene
- Ethanol
- Purified water (deionized or distilled)
- Acetic acid and methanol
- Rubber cement
- Moist chamber
- Water bath
- Hotplate (thermoblock)
- Incubator (37 °C)
- Mounting medium with DAPI
- Fluorescence microscope with corresponding filter (emission/excitation maximum for orange probes is 588nm/559nm, emission/excitation maximum for green probes is 524nm/497nm)
- 0.2M HCl
- 20xSSC, pH 5.3
- 2xSSC, pH 7.0
- 1M NaSCN
- 0.9% NaCl, pH 2.0
- Pepsine
- **Formalin solution:** 100ml 10xPBS, 40 ml 35% formaldehyde solution, add purified water up to 1 liter total volume, store at laboratory temperature (max. 6 months).
- **Washing solution I (0.4x SSC / 0.3% NP-40):** 20 ml 20xSSC, 3 ml NP-40, add purified water up to 1 liter total volume, modify pH to 7.0, store at laboratory temperature (max. 6 months); heat up to 73±1°C before use.
- **Washing solution II (2x SSC / 0.1% NP-40):** 100 ml 20xSSC, 1 ml NP-40, add purified water up to 1 liter total volume, modify pH to 7.0, store at laboratory temperature (max. 6 months).





Procedure:

- If we use cell material (cell line, chromosome preparation etc.), it is necessary to fix the preparation for 10 minutes in a mixture of methanol and acetic acid in a ratio of 3:1 after its application onto the microscopic slide (coating, imprint, cytospin). The fixation mixture is always to be prepared just before use. Let the preparation dry naturally after fixation and then we can proceed to co-denaturation and hybridization.
- If we use paraffin slices, it is first necessary to cut FFPE tissue into 5µm slices on silanized or positively charged glass slides, to bake tissue section overnight at 56°C, deparaffinize and pretreat material (see Pre-treatment procedure for FFPE)

Pre-treatment procedure for FFPE

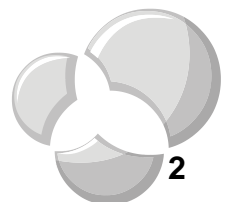
1. De-paraffinize slides in xylene for 7 minutes 3x.
2. Re-hydrate in 96% ethanol for 5 minutes 2x.
3. Dry slides by attaching the edge of each slide to an absorbent pad, set them onto the thermoblock with a temperature of 45-50 °C, and let the remaining ethanol vaporize (3-5 minutes).
4. Pre-treat with 0.2M HCl for 20 min, then wash in deionized water for 3 min and 2xSSC for 3 min.
5. Place slides in 1M sodium thiocyanate at 80°C for 20 min, then wash in deionized water for 1 min and 2xSSC for 5 min 2x.
6. Digest in 0.05% pepsine ($\geq 2500\text{U/mg}$) in 0.9% NaCl, pH 2.0 at 37°C. Digest time differs for different types of tissue, for example: 50 min for cell suspension, 55 min for breast cancer tissue or 70 min for colorectal, lung, colon, stomach or esophagus cancer tissue. After digestion, wash samples in 2xSSC for 5 min 2x.
7. Pre-treat in formaline solution for 10 min, wash in 2xSSC for 5 min 2x and in deionized water for few seconds and then dry slides onto the thermoblock at 45-50 °C for 10 min.

Co-denaturation and hybridization

1. Apply the probe in a quantity as to overlay the test sample, and cover with cleaned cover glass (for a cover glass with dimensions of max. 22×22 mm use 10 µl of probe). It is necessary to coat the cover glass with suitable rubber cement after gluing.
2. Denature prepared slides at 85 °C for 1 minute for FFPE or at 75 °C for 1 minute for cell material.
3. Incubate over night at 37 °C in moist chamber.

Washing off of unbound probe

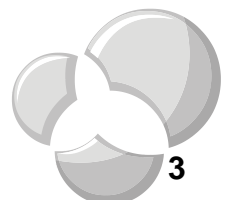
1. Unglue the cover glass and immerse the preparation in washing solution I (0.4x SSC/ 0.3% NP-40) heated up to 73±1 °C. Slightly shake the glass with the preparation in the solution for about 3-5secs. Incubate for 1min45secs.
2. Transfer to washing solution II (2x SSC/0.1% NP-40), shake again for about 3-5secs, and incubate for 30 seconds.
3. Dry slightly by attaching the edge of the glass to an absorbent pad, and let dry naturally out of the light.
4. Apply mounting medium containing DAPI or DAPI antifade (for a cover glass with dimensions of max. 22×22 mm use 10 µl of DAPI). The goal is to stain the nuclei in such a way as to be able to observe them using a fluorescence microscope. If you do not use the commercially available DAPI dye-stuff/mounting medium, it is possible to stain the preparations using the DAPI dye-stuff only, or using Hoechst dye-stuff, respectively. Any superfluous dye-stuff must be washed off, and a mounting medium e.g. buffered glycerol must be used.
5. Cover using a cover glass and examine using a fluorescence microscope.





Possible problems and their solutions:

Problem	Possible solution
Cross hybridization	Increase the temperature of washing solution I by 2 °C. Decrease the denaturation temperature by 2 °C.
Weak or no signals	Increase the denaturation temperature by 2 °C. Prolong the hybridization time. Prolong the digestion time in pepsine solution. Shorten the washing time. Verify the pH of the solutions. Verify that the preparation with the probe or the probe itself was not subject to direct illumination. Verify that the probe was stored at -20°C. Immerse the cell material preparation after fixation into 70% acetic acid for a maximum of 1 minute, and let dry naturally thereafter. This step is recommended especially for hybridization for mitotic preparations where complete elimination of cytoplasmic membranes was not achieved.
Diffuse signals	Decrease the denaturation temperature by 2 °C. Shorten the denaturation time by a few seconds. Verify the pH of the solutions.
Bad sample morphology	Decrease the denaturation temperature by 2 °C. Shorten the denaturation time by a few seconds. Prolong the digestion time in pepsine solution. Prolong the preparation fixation time.
Impurities on the background or "fogging" of the sample after hybridization and rinsing	After hybridization and washing of the sample, let the preparation dry thoroughly. Verify the pH of the washing solutions and the denaturation buffer. Avoid the immerse oil to mix with DAPI mounting medium. Prolong the washing time after hybridization.





Safety information:

DNA probes contain:

Formamid - teratogenic. Do not contact skin with probes. Wear protective clothing and gloves when manipulate with probe.



R61

S24, S 25, S35, S36, S 37, S 39, S 45, S 53

Following dangerous substances are needed for using of DNA probes. These substances are not included or distributed in kit:

NP-40, contained in washing solutions, is irritant as well as **DAPI** counterstain. Do not contact these solutions with skin or do not inhale. Wear protective clothing and gloves.



R 36, R 38, R 37 S 26, S 27, S 28, S 29, S 30, S 33, S 46,

Disposal of unused product:

Unused reagents and waste is special waste which is disposed according with national and local regulations.

